# PRODUCT INFORMATION



## Xanomeline (oxalate)

Item No. 10790

CAS Registry No.: 141064-23-5

Formal Name: 3-[4-(hexyloxy)-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl]-1,2,5,6-

tetrahydro-1-methyl-pyridine, ethanedioate

Synonyms: Lumeron, LY246708, Memcor

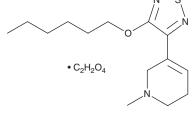
MF:  $C_{14}H_{23}N_3OS \bullet C_2H_2O_4$ 

FW: 371.5 ≥95% **Purity:** 

UV/Vis.:  $\lambda_{\text{max}}$ : 223, 296 nm Supplied as: A crystalline solid

Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥4 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.



### **Laboratory Procedures**

Xanomeline (oxalate) is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the xanomeline (oxalate) in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. Xanomeline (oxalate) is soluble in dimethyl formamide (DMF). The solubility of xanomeline oxalate in DMF is approximately 1.6 mg/ml.

Xanomeline (oxalate) is sparingly soluble in aqueous buffers. For maximum solubility in aqueous buffers, xanomeline (oxalate) should first be dissolved in DMF and then diluted with the aqueous buffer of choice. Xanomeline (oxalate) has a solubility of approximately 0.1 mg/ml in a 1:9 solution of DMF:PBS (pH 7.2) using this method. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

#### Description

Muscarinic receptors are G protein-coupled acetylcholine receptors that play diverse roles. Xanomeline (oxalate) is a potent agonist of muscarinic acetylcholine receptors (EC<sub>50</sub> values are 0.3, 92.5, 5, 52, and 42 nM for  $M_1$ ,  $M_2$ ,  $M_3$ ,  $M_4$ , and  $M_5$ , respectively). It has antipsychotic-like activities in rats and Cebus monkeys.<sup>2,3</sup> M<sub>1</sub> selective agonists, like xanomeline oxalate, enhance memory function and has utility in treating Alzheimer's Disease.4

#### References

- 1. Heinrich, J. N., Butera, J. A., Carrick, T., et al. Pharmacological comparison of muscarinic ligands: Historical versus more recent muscarinic M<sub>1</sub>-preferring receptor agonists. Eur. J. Pharmacol. 605, 53-6 (2009).
- 2. Stanhope, K. J., Mirza, N. R., Dickerdike, M. J., et al. The muscarinic receptor agonist xanomeline has an antipsychotic-like profile in the rat. J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther. 299(2), 782-92 (200).
- Anderson, M. B., Fink-Jensen, A., Peacock, L., et al. The muscarinic M<sub>1</sub>/M<sub>4</sub> receptor agonist xanomeline exhibits antipsychotic-like activity in Cebus apella monkeys. Neuropsychopharmacology 28(6), 1168-75 (2003).
- Messer, W. S., Jr. The utility of muscarinic agonists in the treatment of Alzheimer's disease. J. Mol. Neurosci. 19(1-2), 187-93 (2002).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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