# **PRODUCT** INFORMATION



Hymeglusin

Item No. 11899

CAS Registry No.:	29066-42-0
Formal Name:	11-[3R-(hydroxymethyl)-4-oxo-2R-oxetanyl]-
	3,5,7R-trimethyl-2E,4E-undecadienoic acid
Synonyms:	Antibiotic 1233A, Antibiotic F 244, L 659,699 O
MF:	$C_{18}H_{28}O_5$
FW:	
Purity:	≥95%
Supplied as:	A crystalline solid
Storage:	-20°C
Stability:	≥4 years
Item Origin:	Fungus/Scopulariopsis sp. F-244
Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis	

# Laboratory Procedures

Hymeglusin is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the hymeglusin in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. Hymeglusin is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol, methanol, DMSO, and chloroform.

# Description

Hymeglusin is a fungal  $\beta$ -lactone antibiotic that inhibits HMG-CoA synthase (IC<sub>50</sub> = 0.12  $\mu$ M) by covalently modifying the active Cys<sup>129</sup> residue of the enzyme.<sup>1,2</sup> At a dose of 25 mg/kg, hymeglusin inhibits cholesterol biosynthesis in rats by  $45\%^1$  Chiral studies indicate that the (2R,3R)- $\beta$ -lactone moiety of hymeglusin is important for eliciting the specific inhibition of HMG-CoA synthase.<sup>3</sup> As a cell-wall targeting antibiotic, hymeglusin has been used to investigate the role of a gene important for controlling S. aureus virulence in a mouse sepsis model of infection.<sup>4</sup>

# References

- 1. Greenspan, M.D., Yudkovitz, J.B., Lo, C.Y., et al. Inhibition of hydroxymethylglutaryl-coenzyme A synthase by L-659,699. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 84(21), 7488-7492 (1987).
- 2. Tomoda, H., Ohbayashi, N., Morikawa, Y., et al. Binding site for fungal β-lactone hymeglusin on cytosolic 3- hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A synthase. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1636(1), 22-28 (2004).
- Tomoda, H., Ohbayashi, N., Kumagai, H., et al. Differential inhibition of HMG-CoA synthase and pancreatic 3. lipase by the specific chiral isomers of β-lactone DU-6622. Biochem. Bioph. Res. Commun. 265(2). 536-540 (1999).
- 4. Balibar, C.J., Shen, X., McGuire, D., et al. cwrA, a gene that specifically responds to cell wall damage in Staphylococcus aureus. Microbiology 156(Pt 5), 1372-1383 (2010).

WARNING THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

## SAFETY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

# WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

Buyer agrees to purchase the material subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information can be found on our website.

Copyright Cayman Chemical Company, 08/11/2023

# CAYMAN CHEMICAL

1180 EAST ELLSWORTH RD ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA PHONE: [800] 364-9897 [734] 971-3335 FAX: [734] 971-3640 CUSTSERV@CAYMANCHEM.COM WWW.CAYMANCHEM.COM