PRODUCT INFORMATION



SUMO Monoclonal Antibody (Clone 3B5)

Item No. 12021

Overview and Properties

This vial contains 500 µg of protein G-purified antibody. Contents:

Synonyms: Small Ubiquitin-like Modifier, Smt3

Immunogen: Recombinant yeast Smt3 amino acids 1-97

Uniprot No.: Q12306 Form: Solid

-20°C (as supplied) Storage:

Stability: ≥3 years

Storage Buffer: TBS, pH 7.4, when reconsituted in 500 µl double distilled water

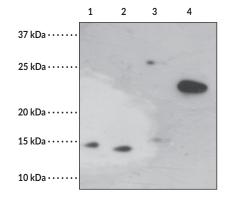
Clone: Mouse Host: Isotype: lgG₁

Applications: ELIŜA and Western blot (WB); the recommended starting dilution for ELISA is

1:500 and 1:200 for WB. Other applications were not tested, therefore optimal

working concentration/dilution should be determined empirically.

Image



Lane 1: Recombinant SUMO-Adipotide (0.05 μg) Lane 2: Recombinant SUMO-Hemokinin (0.05 μ g) Lane 3: Recombinant SUMO-Hepcidin (0.05 μ g) Lane 4: Recombinant SUMO-Iricin (0.05 µg)

WARNING THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

Buyer agrees to purchase the material subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information can be found on our website.

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CAYMAN CHEMICAL

1180 EAST ELLSWORTH RD ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA PHONE: [800] 364-9897

[734] 971-3335

FAX: [734] 971-3640 CUSTSERV@CAYMANCHEM.COM WWW.CAYMANCHEM.COM

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Description

The small ubiquitin like modifier (SUMO) protein is similar in structure and function to ubiquitin. However, SUMO does not typically target proteins for degradation as does ubiquitin. 1-4 SUMO is involved with the modification of a very diverse array of targets. 5 Proteins involved with transcriptional regulation, DNA damage repair, genomic stability, nuclear transport, and histone modification are all subject to modification by SUMO. 2,5-7 SUMO typically functions by covalently binding to a target protein, followed by regulation of protein:protein and protein:DNA interactions. 2 The SUMO family of proteins is highly conserved from yeast to human. Invertebrates contain a single SUMO gene (Smt3 in yeast and smo-1 in *C. elegans*), with three members of SUMO being identified in vertebrates to date (SUMO-1, SUMO-2 and SUMO-3). 8

References

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- 4. Zhang, L., Li, F., Dimayuga, E., et al. Effects of aging and dietary restriction on ubiquitination, sumoylation, and the proteasome in the spleen. FEBS Lett. 581(28), 5543-5547 (2007).
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ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA PHONE: [800] 364-9897