PRODUCT INFORMATION



25-hydroxy Vitamin D₂

Item No. 12078

CAS Registry No.: 21343-40-8

Formal Name: 4-methylene-3-[(2E)-2-[(1R,3aS,7aR)-

> octahydro-1-[(1R,2E,4S)-5-hydroxy-1,4,5trimethyl-2-hexenyl]-7a-methyl-4Hinden-4-ylidene]ethylidene]-cyclohexanol

Synonyms: Ercalcidiol, 25-Hydroxyergocalciferol,

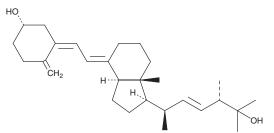
25(OH)-Vitamin D₂

MF: $C_{28}H_{44}O_2$ 412.7 FW: **Purity:**

UV/Vis.: λ_{max} : 211, 264 nm A crystalline solid Supplied as:

-20°C Storage: Stability: ≥4 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.



Laboratory Procedures

25-hydroxy Vitamin D₂ is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the 25-hydroxy vitamin D_2 in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. 25-hydroxy Vitamin D_2 is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide. The solubility of 25-hydroxy vitamin D₂ in these solvents is approximately 20 mg/ml.

25-hydroxy Vitamin D₂ is sparingly soluble in aqueous buffers. For maximum solubility in aqueous buffers, 25-hydroxy vitamin D_2 should first be dissolved in ethanol and then diluted with the aqueous buffer of choice. 25-hydroxy Vitamin D_2 has a solubility of approximately 0.3 mg/ml in a 1:2 solution of ethanol:PBS (pH 7.2) using this method. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

25-hydroxy Vitamin D_2 is a metabolite of vitamin D_2 (Item No. 11791). It is formed from vitamin D_2 by the cytochrome P450 (CYP) isoforms CYP2R1 and CYP27A1, which have 25-hydroxylase activity, and is bound to vitamin D binding protein (DBP) and albumin in the liver, then secreted into the bloodstream.² 25-hydroxy Vitamin D₂ is transported to the kidney, where it is preferentially 24-hydroxylated by CYP24A1 to produce 24,25-dihydroxy vitamin D_2 . It can also be hydroxylated by CYP27B1 to produce 1,25-dihydroxy vitamin D_2 .^{1,2} Serum levels of 25-hydroxy vitamin D_2 have been used as a marker of vitamin D status.³

References

- 1. DeLuca, H.F., Sicinski, R.P., Tanaka, Y., et al. Biological activity of 1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D₂ and 24-epi-1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D₂. Am. J. Physiol. **254(4 Pt 1)**, E402-E406 (1998).
- 2. Bikle, D. Vitamin D: Production, metabolism, and mechanisms of action. Endotext. Feingold, K.R., Anawalt, B., Boyce, A., et al., MDText.com/Inc. (2000).
- 3. Saenger, A.K., Laha, T.J., Bremner, D.E., et al. Quantification of serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D₂ and D₃ using HPLC-tandem mass spectrometry and examination of reference intervals for diagnosis of vitamin D deficiency. Am. J. Clin. Pathol. 125(6), 914-920 (2006).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

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