PRODUCT INFORMATION



BGP-15

Item No. 17503

| CAS Registry No.: | 66611-37-8 | |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------|
| Formal Name: | N-[2-hydroxy-3-(1-piperidinyl) | \sim |
| | propoxy]-3-pyridinecarboximidamide, | NH2 OH |
| | dihydrochloride | |
| MF: | $C_{14}H_{22}N_4O_2 \bullet 2HCI$ | |
| FW: | 351.3 | |
| Purity: | ≥95% | N |
| UV/Vis.: | λ _{max} : 257, 277 nm | `N^ • 2HCl |
| Supplied as: | A crystalline solid | |
| Storage: | -20°C | |
| Stability: | ≥4 years | |
| Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis. | | |

Laboratory Procedures

BGP-15 is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the BGP-15 in the solvent of choice. BGP-15 is soluble in the organic solvent DMSO, which should be purged with an inert gas, at a concentration of approximately 0.25 mg/ml.

Further dilutions of the stock solution into aqueous buffers or isotonic saline should be made prior to performing biological experiments. Ensure that the residual amount of organic solvent is insignificant, since organic solvents may have physiological effects at low concentrations. Organic solvent-free aqueous solutions of BGP-15 can be prepared by directly dissolving the crystalline solid in aqueous buffers. The solubility of BGP-15 in PBS, pH 7.2, is approximately 5 mg/ml. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

The poly(ADP-ribose) polymerases (PARPs) form a family of enzymes with roles in DNA repair and apoptosis.¹ BGP-15 is a PARP inhibitor and insulin sensitizer. In perfused heart, it blocks self-ADPribosylation of nuclear PARP (K_i = 57 μ M) and mono-ADP-ribosylation of GRP78, resulting in decreased levels of reactive oxygen species, lipid peroxidation, and single-strand DNA breaks.^{2,3} BGP-15 acts as a co-inducer of heat shock protein 72, augmenting expression induced by heat shock factor 1 in adipocytes and skeletal muscles and improving insulin sensitivity.4,5

References

- 1. Davar, D., Beumer, J.H., Hamieh, L., et al. Role of PARP inhibitors in cancer biology and therapy. Curr. Med. Chem. 19(23), 3907-3921 (2012).
- 2. Halmosi, R., Berente, Z., Osz, E., et al. Effect of poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase inhibitors on the ischemiareperfusion-induced oxidative cell damage and mitochondrial metabolism in langendorff heart perfusion system. Mol. Pharm. 59(6), 1497-1505 (2001).
- 3. Szabados, E., Literati-Nagy, P., Farkas, B., et al. BGP-15, a nicotinic amidoxime derivate protecting heart from ischemia reperfusion injury through modulation of poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase. Biochem. Pharmacol. 59(8), 937-945 (2000).
- 4. Chung, J., Nguyen, A.-K., Henstridge, D.C., et al. HSP72 protects against obesity-induced insulin resistance. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 105(5), 1739-1744 (2008).
- 5. Henstridge, D.C., Bruce, C.R., Drew, B.G., et al. Activating HSP72 in rodent skeletal muscle increases mitochondrial number and oxidative capacity and decreases insulin resistance. Diabetes 63, 1881-1894 (2014).

WARNING THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFFTY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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