# PRODUCT INFORMATION



## **β-Amyrin**

Item No. 20949

CAS Registry No.: 559-70-6

Formal Name: (3β)-olean-12-en-3-ol Synonyms: (+)-β-Amyrin, NSC 527971,

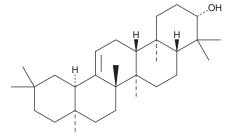
Olean-12-en-3β-ol

MF:  $C_{30}H_{50}O$ FW: 426.7 **Purity:** ≥95%

Supplied as: A crystalline solid

Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥4 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.



## **Laboratory Procedures**

β-Amyrin is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the β-amyrin in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas.  $\beta$ -Amyrin is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol and dimethyl formamide (DMF). The solubility of  $\beta$ -amyrin in these solvents is approximately 1 and 3 mg/ml, respectively.

β-Amyrin is sparingly soluble in aqueous buffers. For maximum solubility in aqueous buffers, β-Amyrin should first be dissolved in DMF and then diluted with the aqueous buffer of choice. β-Amyrin has a solubility of approximately 0.11 mg/ml in a 1:8 solution of DMF:PBS (pH 7.2) using this method. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

#### Description

β-Amyrin is a natural pentacyclic triterpenoid commonly found in plants. It is a member of the oleanane group of secondary metabolites biosynthesized from squalene in the triterpenoid pathway. β-Amyrin inhibits collagen-induced platelet aggregation (IC<sub>50</sub> =  $10.5 \mu M$ ), inhibits acetylcholinesterase (IC<sub>50</sub> =  $165 \mu M$ ) μM), and has antifungal and hepatoprotective effects. 1-4 Extracts of certain plants, used in herbal medicine to treat inflammation, have been shown to contain β-amyrin, suggesting that this compound contributes to anti-inflammatory actions.5

#### References

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- Oliveira, F.A., Chaves, M.H., Almeida, F.R., et al. Protective effect of alpha- and beta-amyrin, a triterpene mixture from Protium heptaphyllum (Aubl.) March. trunk wood resin, against acetaminophen-induced liver injury in mice. J. Ethnopharmacol. 98(1-2), 103-108 (2005).
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- 5. Ferraz-Filha, Z.S., de Paula Michel Araújo, M.C., Ferrari, F.C., et al. Tabebuia roseoalba: In vivo hypouricemic and anti-inflammatory effects of its ethanolic extract and constituents. Planta Med. 82(16), 1395-1402 (2016).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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## **CAYMAN CHEMICAL**

1180 EAST ELLSWORTH RD ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA PHONE: [800] 364-9897

[734] 971-3335

**FAX:** [734] 971-3640 CUSTSERV@CAYMANCHEM.COM WWW.**CAYMANCHEM**.COM