# PRODUCT INFORMATION



## BD 1047 (hydrobromide)

Item No. 22928

CAS Registry No.: 138356-21-5

Formal Name: N<sup>1</sup>-[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-

N<sup>1</sup>,N<sup>2</sup>,N<sup>2</sup>-trimethyl-1,2-ethanediamine,

dihydrobromide

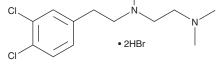
MF:  $C_{13}H_{20}Cl_2N_2 \bullet 2HBr$ 

437.0 FW: **Purity:** ≥98%

Supplied as: A crystalline solid

Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥4 vears

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.



## **Laboratory Procedures**

BD 1047 (hydrobromide) is supplied as a crystalline solid. Aqueous solutions of BD 1047 (hydrobromide) can be prepared by directly dissolving the crystalline solid in aqueous buffers. The solubility of BD 1047 (hydrobromide) in PBS, pH 7.2, is approximately 10 mg/ml. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

#### Description

BD 1047 is a selective antagonist of sigma-1 ( $\sigma_1$ ) receptors ( $K_i = 0.9$  nM in a radioligand binding assay). It is selective for  $\sigma_1$  receptors with binding affinity values greater than 10,000 nM for human recombinant dopamine, opioid, PCP, and serotonin receptors in vitro. In vivo, pretreatment with BD 1047 protects against convulsions and lethality induced by cocaine (Item Nos. 16186 | ISO60176) and reduces cocaine-induced locomotor activity. It reduces dystonias induced by the  $\sigma$  receptor agonists haloperidol (Item No. 12014) and di-o-tolylguanidine (DTG) in rats in a dose-dependent manner.<sup>2</sup> In vivo administration of BD 1047 also attenuates mechanical allodynia and microglial activation in a rat model of bone cancer pain.<sup>3</sup>

#### References

- 1. McCracken, K.A., Bowen, W.D., de Costa, B.R., et al. Two novel σ receptor ligands, BD1047 and LR172, attenuate cocaine-induced toxicity and locomotor activity. Eur. J. Pharmacol. 370(3), 225-232 (1999).
- Matsumoto, R.R., Bowen, W.D., Tom, V.A., et al. Characterization of two novel σ receptor ligands: Antidystonic effects in rats suggest σ receptor antagonism. Eur. J. Pharmacol. 280(3), 301-310 (1995).
- 3. Zhu, S., Wang, C., Han, Y., et al. Sigma-1 receptor antagonist BD1047 reduces mechanical allodynia in a rat model of bone cancer pain through the inhibition of spinal NR1 phosphorylation and microglia activation. Mediators Inflamm. 2015, 265056 (2015).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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