PRODUCT INFORMATION



Chlortetracycline

Item No. 23302

CAS Registry No.: 57-62-5

Formal Name: (4S,4aS,5aS,6S,12aS)-7-

> chloro-4-(dimethylamino)-1,4,4a,5,5a,6,11,12a-octahydro-3,6,10,12,12a-pentahydroxy-6-methyl-1,11-dioxo-2-

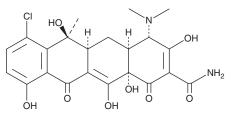
naphthacenecarboxamide

Synonym: 7-Chlortetracycline MF: $C_{22}H_{23}CIN_2O_8$

FW: 478.9 **Purity:** ≥98% Supplied as: A solid Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥4 years

Item Origin: Bacterium/Streptomyces sp.

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.



Laboratory Procedures

Chlortetracycline is supplied as a solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the chlortetracycline in the solvent of choice. Chlortetracycline is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol, methanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide, which should be purged with an inert gas.

Chlortetracycline is sparingly soluble in aqueous solutions. To enhance aqueous solubility, dilute the organic solvent solution into aqueous buffers or isotonic saline. If performing biological experiments, ensure the residual amount of organic solvent is insignificant, since organic solvents may have physiological effects at low concentrations. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

Chlortetracycline is a broad-spectrum antibiotic originally isolated from S. aureofaciens. 1,2 It inhibits growth of both Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria at a range of 0.1-100 µg/ml against A. aerogenes, D. pneumoniae, E. coli, K. pneumoniae, P. morganii, and several species of Haemophilus, Neisseria, Salmonella, and Staphylococcus.² Chlortetracycline protects mice from infection by various strains of S. aureus with protective doses (PD_{50} s) of 0.2-7.5 mg/kg, and from infection by E. coli (PD_{50} = 3 mg/kg) and K. pneumoniae $(PD_{50} = 75 \text{ mg/kg})^3$ it acts by inhibiting protein synthesis, and it binds to a single site on the 30S ribosome subunit. Chlortetracycline is an ionophore and is selective for calcium over sodium, potassium, magnesium, strontium, and barium. 4 It transports calcium from an aqueous phase into an organic phase environment or into multilamellar vesicles. Chlortetracycline is also a fluorescent dye that can be used to monitor calcium flux.5

References

- 1. Chopra, I., Hawkey, P.M., and Hinton, M. J. Antimicrob. Chemother. 29(3), 245-277 (1992).
- 2. Paine, T.F., Jr., Collins, H.S., and Finland, M. J. Bacteriol. 56(4), 489-497 (1948).
- 3. Cacciapuoti, A., Moss, E., Jr., Menzel, F., Jr., et al. J. Antibiot. (Tokyo) 40(10), 1426-1430 (1987).
- White, J.R. and Pearce, F.L. Biochemistry 21(24), 6309-6312 (1982).
- 5. Cerella, C., Mearelli, C., De Nicola, M., et al. Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci. 1099, 490-493 (2007).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information Buyer agrees to purchase the mater can be found on our website.

Copyright Cayman Chemical Company, 12/22/2022

CAYMAN CHEMICAL

1180 EAST ELLSWORTH RD ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA PHONE: [800] 364-9897

[734] 971-3335

FAX: [734] 971-3640 CUSTSERV@CAYMANCHEM.COM WWW.**CAYMANCHEM**.COM