PRODUCT INFORMATION



Substance P (trifluoroacetate salt)

Item No. 24035

CAS Registry No.: 148470-19-3

Formal Name: (S)-2-((S)-1-(L-arginyl-L-prolyl-L-lysyl)

> pyrrolidine-2-carboxamido)-N1-((S)-5-amino-4-(methylthio)-1-oxobutan-2-yl) amino)-4-methyl-1-oxopentan-2-yl)amino)-2-oxoethyl)amino)-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-

2-yl)amino)-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)amino)-1,5-dioxopentan-2-yl) pentanediamide, trifluoroacetate salt

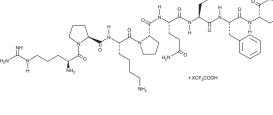
MF: $C_{63}H_{98}N_{18}O_{13}S \bullet XCF_3COOH$

FW: 1,347.6 ≥95% **Purity:**

Supplied as: A lyophilized powder

Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥4 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.



Laboratory Procedures

Substance P (trifluoroacetate salt) is supplied as a lyophilized powder. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the substance P (trifluoroacetate salt) in water. The solubility of substance P (trifluoroacetate salt) in water is approximately 1 mg/ml. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

Substance P is tachykinin neuropeptide that selectively binds to neurokinin 1 (NK₁) receptors (K_i s = 0.14 and 300 nM for NK_1 and NK_3 , respectively) and has diverse biological activities.^{1,2} It is an endogenous peptide expressed in the central and peripheral nervous systems, including the enteric nervous system and in immune cells.² Substance P is released with other neurotransmitters in the dorsal horn of the spinal cord following noxious peripheral stimulation and induces pain through NK₁ receptors.³ The NK₁ receptor is internalized following substance P binding, and in a rat hindpaw model of inflammation it is internalized in a greater number of spinal cord neurons following a mechanical or non-noxious stimuli, indicating a role for substance P in inflammation and hyperalgesia. Substance P is also involved in depression, anxiety, seizures, and emesis among other functions.²

References

- 1. Gether, U., Johansen, T.E., Snider, R.M., et al. Different binding epitopes on the NK1 receptor for substance P and non-peptide antagonist. Nature 362(6418), 345-348 (1993).
- 2. Muñoz, M. and Coveñas, R. Involvement of substance P and the NK-1 receptor in human pathology. Amino Acids 46(7), 1727-1750 (2014).
- 3. Mantyh, P.H. Neurobiology of substance P and the NK1 receptor. J. Clin. Psychiatry 63(Suppl 11), 6-10 (2002).
- 4. Abbadie, C., Trafton, J., Mantyh, P.W., et al. Inflammation increases the distribution of dorsal horn neurons that internalize the neurokinin-1 receptor in response to noxious and non-noxious stimulation. J. Neurosci. 17(20), 8049-8060 (1997).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

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