PRODUCT INFORMATION



cis-9,10-Methyleneoctadecanoic Acid

Item No. 24824

CAS Registry No.: Formal Name:	4675-61-0 (1R,2S)- <i>rel</i> -2-octyl-cyclopropaneoctanoic acid	
Synonym:	Dihydrosterculic Acid, FA 19:1	
MF:	$C_{19}H_{36}O_{2}$	0
FW:	296.5	
Purity:	≥98%	
Supplied as:	A solid	
Storage:	-20°C	
Stability:	≥4 years	
Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.		

Laboratory Procedures

cis-9,10-Methyleneoctadecanoic acid is supplied as a solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the cis-9,10-methyleneoctadecanoic acid in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. cis-9,10-Methyleneoctadecanoic acid is soluble in organic solvents such as chloroform, methanol, ethanol, and hexane.

Description

cis-9,10-Methyleneoctadecanoic acid is a cyclopropane fatty acid that has been found in bacteria and the digestive gland of P. globosa.¹⁻³ It is a component of S. aureus cell membranes and levels decrease upon treatment with carvacrol.² cis-9,10-Methyleneoctadecanoic acid is secreted by H. pylori and enhances histamine- and dibutyryl cAMP-stimulated acid secretion in isolated guinea pig parietal cells.⁴ It also activates protein kinase C (PKC) in a calcium-dependent manner.

References

- 1. Ramachandran, H., Shafie, N.A.H., Sudesh, K., et al. Cupriavidus malaysiensis sp. nov., a novel poly(3-hydroxybutyrate-co-4-hydroxybutyrate) accumulating bacterium isolated from the Malaysian environment. Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek 111(3), 361-372 (2018).
- 2. Wang, L.-H., Wang, M.-S., Zeng, X.-A., et al. Membrane destruction and DNA binding of Staphylococcus aureus cells induced by carvacrol and its combined effect with a pulsed electric field. J. Agric. Food Chem. 64(32), 6355-6363 (2016).
- 3. Misra, K.K., Shkrob, I., Rakshit, S., et al. Variability in fatty acids and fatty aldehydes in different organs of two prosobranch gastropod mollusks. Biochem. System. Ecol. 30(8), 749-761 (2002).
- 4. Beil, W., Birkholz, C., Wagner, S., et al. Helicobacter pylori fatty acid cis 9,10-methyleneoctadecanoic acid increases [Ca²⁺]i, activates protein kinase C and stimulates acid secretion in parietal cells. Prostaglandins Leukot. Essent. Fatty Acids 59(2), 119-125 (1998).

WARNING THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFFTY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

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