PRODUCT INFORMATION



Amylin (8-37) (human) (trifluoroacetate salt)

Item No. 24894

Formal Name: L-alanyl-L-threonyl-L-glutaminyl-L-arginyl-L-leucyl-

> L-alanyl-L-asparaginyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-histidyl-L-seryl-L-asparaginyl-Lasparaginyl-L-phenylalanylglycyl-L-alanyl-Lisoleucyl-L-leucyl-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-threonyl-Lasparaginyl-L-valylglycyl-L-seryl-L-asparaginyl-L-

threonyl-L-tyrosine, trifluoroacetate salt

IAPP (8-37) (human), Synonyms:

Islet Amyloid Polypeptide (8-37) (human)

MF: $C_{138}H_{215}N_{41}O_{46} \bullet XCF_3COOH$

3,184.4 FW: **Purity:** ≥95%

Supplied as: A lyophilized powder

-20°C Storage: Stability: ≥4 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

H-Ala-Thr-Gln-Arg-Leu-Ala-Asn-Phe-Leu-Val-His - Ser - Ser - Asn - Asn - Phe - Gly - Ala - Ile - I eu -Ser -Ser -Thr - Asn - Val - Gly - Ser - Asn - Thr - Tyr - NH₂

• XCF₃COOH

Laboratory Procedures

Amylin (8-37) (human) (trifluoroacetate salt) is supplied as a lyophilized powder. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the amylin (8-37) (human) (trifluoroacetate salt) in water. The solubility of amylin (8-37) (human) (trifluoroacetate salt) in water is approximately 1 mg/ml. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

Amylin (8-37) is a peptide fragment of amylin (Item Nos. 24274 | 24275).¹ It inhibits osteoblast proliferation, but not bone resorption, induced by full-length human amylin and does not act as an agonist at amylin receptors. Amylin (8-37) induces formation of polymorphic fibrils containing coiled and laterally-associated sheet structures.² It is cytotoxic to RINm5F islet β -cells in vitro when used at a concentration of 25 μM, an effect that is inversely correlated with mature fibril content.³

References

- 1. Cornish, J., Callon, K.E., Lin, C.Q., et al. Dissociation of the effects of amylin on osteoblast proliferation and bone resorption. Am. J. Physiol. 274(5 Pt 1), E827-833 (1998).
- 2. Goldsbury, C., Goldie, K., Pellaud, J., et al. Amyloid fibril formation from full-length and fragments of amylin. J. Struct. Biol. 130(2-3), 352-362 (2000).
- 3. Konarkowska, B., Aitken, J.F., Kistler, J., et al. The aggregation potential of human amylin determines its cytotoxicity towards islet β-cells. FEBS J. **273(15)**, 3614-3624 (2006).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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