# PRODUCT INFORMATION



ALW-II-41-27

Item No. 25275

CAS Registry No.: 1186206-79-0

Formal Name: N-[4-[(4-ethyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-3-

(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-methyl-3-[[[5-(2-

thienyl)-3-pyridinyl]carbonyl]amino]-benzamide

MF:  $C_{32}H_{32}F_3N_5O_2S$ 

607.7 FW: ≥95% **Purity:** UV/Vis.:  $\lambda_{\text{max}}$ : 277 nm Supplied as: A crystalline solid

Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥4 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

### **Laboratory Procedures**

ALW-II-41-27 is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the ALW-II-41-27 in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. ALW-II-41-27 is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide (DMF). The solubility of ALW-II-41-27 in ethanol is approximately 0.5 mg/ml and approximately 10 mg/ml in DMSO and DMF.

ALW-II-41-27 is sparingly soluble in aqueous buffers. For maximum solubility in aqueous buffers, ALW-II-41-27 should first be dissolved in DMSO and then diluted with the aqueous buffer of choice. ALW-II-41-27 has a solubility of approximately 0.5 mg/ml in a 1:1 solution of DMSO:PBS (pH 7.2) using this method. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

### Description

ALW-II-41-27 is a multi-kinase inhibitor that inhibits EphB2, EphA3, Kit, FMS, VEGFR2/KDR, FLT1, FGR, Src, Lyn, BMX, and Bcr-Abl in tyrosine kinase-transformed Ba/F3 cells (EC<sub>50</sub>s = <500 nM). ALW-II-41-27 also inhibits DDR2 and Src ( $IC_{50}$ s = 51 and 14 nM, respectively) as well as wild-type and mutant RET kinases ( $IC_{50}$ s = 24.7, 94.2, and 15.8 nM for wild-type, RET<sup>V804L</sup>, and RET<sup>V804M</sup>, respectively).<sup>2,3</sup> It reduces growth of NCI-H2286 and HCC-366 cancer cells ( $GI_{50}s = 0.51$  and 0.65  $\mu$ M, respectively) and RAT1 cells transformed by RET<sup>C634R</sup> or RET<sup>M918T</sup> (IC<sub>50</sub>s = 44 and 56 nM, respectively). ALW-II-41-27 also inhibits growth of MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cells in a concentration-dependent manner and inhibits tumor growth in vivo in a mouse patient-derived xenograft (PDX) model of EphA2-overexpressing triple-negative breast cancer (TNBC).4

### References

- 1. Choi, Y., Syeda, F., Walker, J.R., et al. Discovery and structural analysis of Eph receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitors. Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett. 19(15), 4467-4470 (2009).
- Terai, H., Tan, L., Beauchamp, E.M., et al. Characterization of DDR2 inhibitors for the treatment of DDR2 mutated nonsmall cell lung cancer. ACS Chem. Biol. 10(12), 2687-2696 (2015).
- Moccia, M., Liu, Q., Guida, T., et al. Identification of novel small molecule inhibitors of oncogenic RET kinase. PLoS One 10(6), e0128364 (2015).
- Song, W., Hwang, Y., Youngblood, V.M., et al. Targeting EphA2 impairs cell cycle progression and growth of basal-like/triple-negative breast cancers. Oncogene 36(40), 5620-5630 (2017).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

## WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

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