PRODUCT INFORMATION



Hsp90ß Monoclonal Antibody (Clone 8D6)

Item No. 25695

Overview and Properties

Contents: This vial contains 100 µg of protein G-purified antibody.

Synonyms: Heat Shock 84 kDa, Heat Shock Protein Hsp 90-Beta, Hsp84, Hsp90ß

Immunogen: Full length human recombinant Hsp90ß protein

Cross Reactivity: (-) HSP90a

Species Reactivity: (+) Human, mouse, and rat; other species not tested

P08238 **Uniprot No.:** Form: Liquid

Storage: -20°C (as supplied)

Stability: ≥3 years

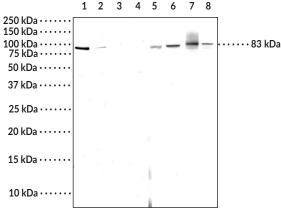
Storage Buffer: PBS, pH 7.2, with 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide

Clone: Mouse Host: Isotype: lgG2b

Applications: ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), and Western blot (WB); the recommended

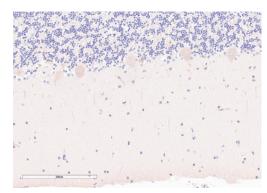
> starting dilution for ELISA and WB is 1:1,000 and is 1:40 for IHC. Other applications were not tested, therefore optimal working dilution should be determined empirically.

Images



Lane 1: Hsp90β Recombinant Protein (0.02 μg) Lane 2: Hsp90β Recombinant Protein (0.005 μg) Lane 3: Hsp90β Recombinant Protein (0.001 μg) Lane 4: Hsp90α Recombinant Protein (0.1 μg)

Lane 5: A549 Cell Lysate (50 µg) Lane 6: THP-1 Cell Lysate (50 µg) Lane 7: Mouse Kidney Lysate (40 µg) Lane 8: Rat Intestine Lysate (40 µg)



Immunohistochemistry analysis of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded (FFPE) human cerebellum tissue after heat induced antigen retrieval in pH 6.0 citrate buffer. After incubation with Hsp90ß Monoclonal Antibody (Clone 8D6) (Item No. 25695) at a 1:40 dilution, slides were incubated with biotinylated secondary antibody. followed hv phosphatase-streptavidin and chromogen (DAB).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

Buyer agrees to purchase the material subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information can be found on our website

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Description

Heat shock protein 90 β (Hsp90 β) is the constitutively active cytosolic isoform of Hsp90 that is encoded by *HSP90AB* in humans. Hsp90 is a multidomain protein that functions as a molecular chaperone to assist in folding and activation of nascent peptides, refolding unfolded or misfolded proteins, and preventing protein aggregation. C-terminal dimerization of Hsp90, coupled with ATPase molecular clamp activity induces a conformational change in the N-terminal nucleotide binding domain that facilitates substrate binding and initiates the chaperone cycle. Hsp90 interacts with many co-chaperones during its chaperone cycle including p23 and Sba1, which help recruit substrates to the Hsp90 complex, Hsp70 (Item Nos. 22739 | 23002), which loads nascent polypeptides onto the Hsp90 dimer, and the ATPase activator Aha1 that promotes ATP hydrolysis and substrate release. Hsp90 is overexpressed in cancer cells and stabilizes client proteins that promote oncogenesis, including transcription factors, signaling proteins, and kinases. Hsp90 also decreases α -synuclein fibril formation and toxicity as well as Q35 aggregation in *in vitro* models of Parkinson's and Huntington's disease, respectively, implying a role in neurodegenerative disease. Cayman's Hsp90 β Monoclonal Antibody (Clone8D6) can be used for Western blot and ELISA applications. This antibody recognizes Hsp90 β at 83 kDa from human, mouse, and rat samples.

References

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- 2. Fink, A.L. Chaperone-mediated protein folding. Physiol. Rev. 79(2), 425-449 (1999).
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- 4. Ali, M.M.U., Roe, S.M., Vaughan, C.K., et al. Crystal structure of an Hsp90-nucleotide-p23/Sba1 closed chaperone complex. *Nature* 440(7087), 1013-1017 (2006).
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- 6. Lackie, R.E., Maciejewski, A., Ostapchenko, V.G., et al. The Hsp70/Hsp90 chaperone machinery in neurodegenerative diseases. Front. Neurosci. 11:254, (2017).

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