PRODUCT INFORMATION



Ticarcillin (sodium salt)

Item No. 26065

CAS Registry No.: 4697-14-7

Formal Name: (2S,5R,6R)-6-[[2-carboxy-2-(3-thienyl)acetyl]amino]-

3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-4-thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-

2-carboxylic acid, disodium salt

MF: $C_{15}H_{14}N_2O_6S_2 \bullet 2Na$

FW: 428.4

≥95% (mixture of diastereomers) **Purity:**

UV/Vis.: λ_{max} : 302 nm Supplied as: A crystalline solid

Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥4 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.



Ticarcillin (sodium salt) is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the ticarcillin (sodium salt) in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. Ticarcillin (sodium salt) is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide. The solubility of ticarcillin (sodium salt) in these solvents is approximately 2, 16, and 20 mg/ml, respectively.

Further dilutions of the stock solution into aqueous buffers or isotonic saline should be made prior to performing biological experiments. Ensure that the residual amount of organic solvent is insignificant, since organic solvents may have physiological effects at low concentrations. Organic solvent-free aqueous solutions of ticarcillin (sodium salt) can be prepared by directly dissolving the crystalline solid in aqueous buffers. The solubility of ticarcillin (sodium salt) in PBS (pH 7.2) is approximately 10 mg/ml. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

Ticarcillin is a semisynthetic β-lactam antibiotic. 1,2 It is active against P. aeruginosa, E. coli, P. mirabilis, P. rettgeri, and K. aerogenes (MICs = 4-125 µg/ml).² Topical administration of ticarcillin (2.5 mg per eye) reduces P. aeruginosa colony count in rabbit eye. Formulations containing ticarcillin have been used in the treatment of a variety of bacterial infections.

References

- 1. Ahmad, A., Smolin, G., Okumoto, M., et al. Ticarcillin in the treatment of experimental pseudomonas keratitis. Br. J. Ophthalmol. 61(2), 92-95 (1977).
- 2. Comber, K.R., Basker, M.J., Osborne, C.D., et al. Synergy between ticarcillin and tobramycin against Pseudomonas aeruginosa and Enterobacteriaceae in vitro and in vivo. Antimicrob. Agents Chemother. 11(6), 956-964 (1977).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

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