PRODUCT INFORMATION



Ganglioside G_{M2} (bovine brain) (sodium salt)

Item No. 27192

CAS Registry No.: 19600-01-2

Synonyms: G_{M2}

Monosialoganglioside G_{M2}

MF: C₆₇H₁₂₀N₃O₂₆ • Na (for stearoyl)

FW: 1,406.7 **Purity:** ≥98% Supplied as: A solid Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥4 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Laboratory Procedures

Ganglioside G_{M2} (bovine brain) (sodium salt) is supplied as a solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the ganglioside G_{M2} (bovine brain) (sodium salt) in the solvent of choice. Ganglioside G_{M2} (bovine brain) (sodium salt) is soluble in a 2:1 solution of chloroform:methanol. Ganglioside G_{M2} (bovine brain) (sodium salt) is also soluble in water. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

Ganglioside G_{M2} is a glycosphingolipid component of cellular membranes, primarily the plasma membrane. 1 Gangliosides isolated from apoptogenic glioblastoma multiforme (GBM) cells are enriched in ganglioside G_{M2} compared with nonapoptogenic GBM cells, and ganglioside G_{M2} induces activated T cell death when used at a concentration of 150 μ g/ml in vitro.² Serum ganglioside G_{M2} levels are increased in patients with breast cancer or cholangiocarcinoma.^{3,4} Levels of ganglioside G_{M2} are elevated in the brain of patients with Sandhoff disease, as well as feline and mouse models of the disease.⁵ Ganglioside G_{M2} accumulates in the lysosomes of individuals with Tay-Sachs disease and G_{M2} -activator deficiency, as well as in the CNS of patients with and animal models of mucopolysaccharide storage disorders and Niemann-Pick disease types A, C1, and C2. 5,6 This product contains ganglioside G_{M2} molecular species with primarily C18:0 fatty acyl chain lengths. As this product is derived from a natural source, there may be variations in the sphingoid backbone.

References

- 1. Bisel, B., Pavone, F.S., and Calamai, M. GM1 and GM2 gangliosides: Recent developments. Biomol Concepts 5(1), 87-93 (2014).
- Chahlavi, A., Rayman, P., Richmond, A.L., et al. Glioblastomas induce T-lymphocyte death by two distinct pathways involving gangliosides and CD70. Cancer Res. 65(12), 5428-5438 (2005).
- Li, Q., Sun, M., Yu, M., et al. Gangliosides profiling in serum of breast cancer patient: GM3 as a potential diagnostic biomarker. Glycoconj. J. 36(5), 419-428 (2019).
- Talabnin, K., Talabnin, C., Kumagai, T., et al. Ganglioside GM2: A potential biomarker for cholangiocarcinoma. J. Int. Med. Res. 48(7), 1-10 (2020).
- Baek, R.C., Martin, D.R., Cox, N.R., et al. Comparative analysis of brain lipids in mice, cats, and humans with Sandhoff disease. Lipids 44(3), 197-205 (2009).
- Walkley, S.U. Secondary accumulation of gangliosides in lysosomal storage disorders. Semin. Cell Dev. Biol. 15(4), 433-444 (2004).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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