PRODUCT INFORMATION



Quercetin-7-O-β-D-Glucopyranoside

Item No. 27641

CAS Registry No.:	491-50-9			
Formal Name:	2-(3,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-7-(β-D-			
	glucopyranosyloxy)-3,5-dihydroxy-			HO.
	4H-1-benzopyran-4-one	ОН		
Synonyms:	Quercetin 7-Glucoside,		. 0	
	Quercimeritrin, Quercimeritroside			ОН
MF:	$C_{21}H_{20}O_{12}$			
FW:	464.4	но		ОН
Purity:	≥98%			on
UV/Vis.:	λ _{max} : 256, 372 nm		ОН	
Supplied as:	A crystalline solid	ПО		
Storage:	-20°C			
Stability:	≥4 years			
Item origin:	Plant/Sophora japonica L.			
Information represents the product exception in a state exception and tical reputite are provided on each continues of exclusion				

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Laboratory Procedures

Quercetin-7-O- β -D-glucopyranoside is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the quercetin-7-O- β -D-glucopyranoside in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. Quercetin-7-O- β -D-glucopyranoside is soluble in organic solvents such as DMSO and dimethyl formamide. The solubility of quercetin-7-O- β -D-glucopyranoside in these solvents is approximately 10 mg/ml.

Further dilutions of the stock solution into aqueous buffers or isotonic saline should be made prior to performing biological experiments. Ensure that the residual amount of organic solvent is insignificant, since organic solvents may have physiological effects at low concentrations. Organic solvent-free aqueous solutions of quercetin-7-O- β -D-glucopyranoside can be prepared by directly dissolving the crystalline solid. The solubility of quercetin-7-O- β -D-glucopyranoside in PBS, pH 7.2, is approximately 0.3 mg/ml. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

Quercetin-7-O-β-D-glucopyranoside is a flavonoid originally isolated from G. hirsutum that has diverse biological activities, including antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, and anti-angiogenic properties.¹ It has antioxidant activity in an oxygen radical absorbance capacity (ORAC) assay and decreases tert-butyl hydroperoxide-induced reactive oxygen species (ROS) production in L-929 cells when used at concentrations of 0.25 and 1 μ g/ml.² Quercetin-7-O- β -D-glucopyranoside (15 and 30 μ g/ml) reduces protein levels of inducible nitric oxide synthase (iNOS) and COX-2 in LPS-stimulated RAW 264.7 cells. It decreases angiogenesis in isolated rat aortic rings and proliferation of human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVECs) but has no effect on tube formation or chemotaxis of HUVECs when used at a concentration of 100 μ M.³

References

- 1. Tebayashi, S.-I., Matsuyama, S., Suzuki, T., et al. J. Pest. Scien. 20(3), 299-305 (1995).
- 2. Legault, J., Perron, T., Mshvildadze, V., et al. J. Med. Food 14(10), 1127-1134 (2011).
- 3. Lin, C., Wu, M., and Dong, J. Lett. Drug. Des. Discov. (1)4, 329-333 (2012).

WARNING THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFFTY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

Buyer agrees to purchase the material subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information can be found on our website.

Copyright Cayman Chemical Company, 12/08/2022

CAYMAN CHEMICAL

1180 EAST ELLSWORTH RD ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA PHONE: [800] 364-9897 [734] 971-3335 FAX: [734] 971-3640 CUSTSERV@CAYMANCHEM.COM WWW.CAYMANCHEM.COM