PRODUCT INFORMATION



Nidulin

Stability:

Item No. 27955

CAS Registry No.: 10089-10-8

Formal Name: 2,4,7-trichloro-3-hydroxy-8-

> methoxy-1,9-dimethyl-6-[(1E)-1-methyl-1-propen-1-yl]-11Hdibenzo[b,e][1,4]dioxepin-11-one

Synonym: Methylustin $C_{20}H_{17}CI_3O_5$

MF: FW: 443.7 **Purity:** ≥99% Supplied as: A solid Storage: -20°C

Item Origin: Fungus/Emericella sp.

≥4 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Laboratory Procedures

Nidulin is supplied as a solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the nidulin in the solvent of choice. Nidulin is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol, methanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide, which should be purged with an inert gas.

Nidulin is sparingly soluble in aqueous solutions. To enhance aqueous solubility, dilute the organic solvent solution into aqueous buffers or isotonic saline. If performing biological experiments, ensure the residual amount of organic solvent is insignificant, since organic solvents may have physiological effects at low concentrations. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

Nidulin is a depsidone originally isolated from A. nidulans.¹ It is active against the bacteria M. tuberculosis and M. ranoe, as well as the fungi T. tonsurans and M. audouini. It also inhibits the growth of methicillin-resistant S. aureus (MRSA; MIC = 4 µg/ml).2 Nidulin is cytotoxic to MOLT-3 cells (IC $_{50}$ = 21.2 μ M) but not HuCCA-1, HepG2, or A549 cells (IC $_{50}$ s = >112.7 μ M). It inhibits aromatase with an IC_{50} value of 11.2 μ M.³

References

- 1. Dean, F.M., Roberston, A., Roberts, J.C., et al. Nidulin and 'Ustin': Two chlorine-containing metabolic products of Aspergillus nidulans. Nature 172(4372), 344 (1953).
- 2. Zhang, Y., Mu, J., Feng, Y., et al. Four chlorinated depsidones from a seaweed-derived strain of Aspergillus unguis and their new biological activities. Nat. Prod. Res. 28(7), 503-506 (2014).
- Sureram, S., Wiyakrutta, S., Ngamrojanavanich, N., et al. Depsidones, aromatase inhibitors and radical scavenging agents from the marine-derived fungus Aspergillus unguis CRI282-03. Planta Med. 78(6), 582-588 (2012).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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CAYMAN CHEMICAL

1180 EAST ELLSWORTH RD ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA PHONE: [800] 364-9897

[734] 971-3335

FAX: [734] 971-3640 CUSTSERV@CAYMANCHEM.COM WWW.**CAYMANCHEM**.COM