CAS Registry No.: 870544-59-5

| Formal Name: | N -[2-[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl) <br> phenoxy]-3-pyridinyl]-N'-[4- <br> (trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-urea |
| :--- | :--- |
| MF: | $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ |
| FW: | 445.4 |
| Purity: | $\geq 98 \%$ |
| UV/Vis.: | $\lambda_{\text {max }}: 260,288 \mathrm{~nm}$ |
| Supplied as: | A solid |
| Storage: | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Stability: | $\geq 4$ years |



Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Laboratory Procedures
BPTU is supplied as a solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the BPTU in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. BPTU is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide (DMF). The solubility of BPTU in ethanol and DMF is approximately $15 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ and approximately $25 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ in DMSO.

BPTU is sparingly soluble in aqueous buffers. For maximum solubility in aqueous buffers, BPTU should first be dissolved in DMSO and then diluted with the aqueous buffer of choice. BPTU has a solubility of approximately $0.3 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ in a 1:2 solution of DMSO:PBS ( pH 7.2 ) using this method. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

## Description

BPTU is an allosteric antagonist of the purinergic $P 2 Y_{1}$ receptor ( $K_{i}=6 \mathrm{nM}$ for the human receptor). ${ }^{1,2}$
 inhibits platelet aggregation in human platelet-rich plasma (hPRP; IC ${ }_{50}=2.1 \mu \mathrm{M}$ ). BPTU reduces thrombus weight by $68 \%$ in a rat model of iron chloride-induced arterial thrombosis and prolongs provoked cuticle and mesenteric bleeding time in rats when administered intravenously as a $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ bolus dose followed by a $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ per hour infusion. It also inhibits contractions induced by electrical field stimulation in isolated muscle strips from rat and mouse colon ( $\mathrm{EC}_{50} \mathrm{~s}=0.5$ and $0.1 \mu \mathrm{M}$, respectively) and antrum $\left(E C_{50} \mathrm{~s}=9\right.$ and $0.3 \mu \mathrm{M}$, respectively). ${ }^{2}$

## References

1. Chao, H., Turdi, H., Herpin, T.F., et al. Discovery of 2-(phenoxypyridine)-3-phenylureas as small molecule P2Y 1 antagonists. J. Med. Chem. 56(4), 1704-1714 (2013).
2. Mañé, N., Jiménez-Sábado, V., and Jiménez, M. BPTU, an allosteric antagonist of P2Y ${ }_{1}$ receptor, blocks nerve mediated inhibitory neuromuscular responses in the gastrointestinal tract of rodents. Neuropharmacology 110(Pt A), 376-385 (2016).

## WARNING

THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

## SAFETY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

