PRODUCT INFORMATION



Homoplantaginin

Item No. 29853

CAS Registry No.:	17680-84-1	ОН
Formal Name:	7-(β-D-glucopyranosyloxy)-5-	
	hydroxy-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-6-	
	methoxy-4H-1-benzopyran-4-one	
Synonym:	Hispidulin-7-O-D-glucoside	
MF:	C ₂₂ H ₂₂ O ₁₁	
FW:	462.4	HO_ HO
Purity:	≥95%	HO
Supplied as:	A solid	HO.
Storage:	-20°C	HO
Stability:	≥4 years	ОН
Item Origin:	Plant/Salvia plebeia R. Br.	

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Laboratory Procedures

Homoplantaginin is supplied as a solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the homoplantaginin in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. Homoplantaginin is soluble in organic solvents such as DMSO and dimethyl formamide. The solubility of homoplantaginin in these solvents is approximately 20 and 25 mg/ml, respectively.

Description

Homoplantaginin is a flavonoid glycoside that has been found in S. plebeia and has antioxidant and anti-inflammatory activities.¹⁻³ It scavenges 2,2-diphenyl-1-picrylhydrazyl (DPPH; Item No. 14805) radicals with an IC₅₀ value of 0.35 μ g/ml in a cell-free assay.² Homoplantaginin reverses hydrogen peroxide-induced decreases in glutathione (GSH) levels and glutathione peroxidase (GPX) and superoxide dismutase (SOD) activity in HL-7702 cells when used at concentrations ranging from 1 to 100 μ g/ml. It reduces protein levels of toll-like receptor 4 (TLR4), MyD88, caspase-1, and IL-1β induced by palmitic acid (Item No. 10006627) in human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVECs) when used at concentrations of 1 and 10 μ M.³ Homoplantaginin (50 and 100 mg/kg) decreases serum alanine aminotransferase (ALT), aspartate aminotransferase (AST), TNF- α , and IL-1 levels, as well as reduces liver inflammatory cell infiltration and hepatocyte necrosis in a mouse model of immunological liver injury induced by Bacillus Calmette-Guérin (BCG) vaccine and LPS.²

References

- 1. Weng, X.C. and Weng, W. Antioxidant activity of compounds isolated from Salvia plebia. Food Chem. 71(4), 489-493 (2000).
- 2. Qu, X.-J., Xia, X., Wang, Y.-S., et al. Protective effects of Salvia plebeia compound homoplantaginin on hepatocyte injury. Food Chem. Toxicol. 47(7), 1710-1715 (2009).
- 3. He, B., Zhang, B., Wu, F., et al. Homoplantaginin inhibits palmitic acid-induced endothelial cells inflammation by suppressing TLR4 and NLRP3 inflammasome. J. Cardiovasc. Pharmacol. 67(1), 93-101 (2016).

WARNING THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFFTY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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