PRODUCT INFORMATION



Malabaricone B

Item No. 29911

CAS Registry No.:	63335-24-0
Formal Name:	1-(2,6-dihydroxyphenyl)-9-(4-
	hydroxyphenyl)-1-nonanone
Synonyms:	NSC 287967, NSC 630196 _{OH}
MF:	$C_{21}H_{26}O_4$ 0
FW:	342.4
Purity:	≥98% `
UV/Vis.:	λ _{max} : 223, 270 nm
Supplied as:	A crystalline solid
Storage:	-20°C
Stability:	≥2 years
Item Origin:	Plant/Myristica malabarica
Information represente	the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis

Laboratory Procedures

Malabaricone B is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the malabaricone B in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. Malabaricone B is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide. The solubility of malabaricone B in these solvents is approximately 10, 20, 25 mg/ml, respectively.

Description

Malabaricone B is a diarylnonanoid that has been found in Myristica and has diverse biological activities, including enzyme inhibitory, antimicrobial, anticancer, and antioxidant properties.¹⁻⁵ It is an inhibitor of sphingomyelin synthase 1 and -2 (IC₅₀s = 3.5 and 2.5 μ M, respectively, in fibroblast cell lysates).¹ It is active against the bacteria S. aureus, B. subtilis, and S. durans (MIC = $1 \mu g/ml$ for all) and three strains of the fungus C. albicans (MICs = 4-16 μ g/ml).² It is cytotoxic to A549, A375, Jurkat, A431, U937, and MCF-7 cells (IC₅₀s = 8.1, 26.7, 27.4, 9.5, 27.5, and 9.3 μ M, respectively) but not non-cancerous INT407, HEK293, or WI-38 cells.³ It increases the levels of intracellular reactive oxygen species (ROS) and induces apoptosis in A549 cells. It reduces the formation of thiobarbituric acid reactive substrates (TBARS) by 28.2% in rat liver mitochondria when used at a concentration of 2 µg/ml but scavenges only 5% of 2,2-diphenyl-picrylhydrazyl (DPPH; Item No. 14805) radicals at 7 μ g/ml.⁴ Malabaricone B (10, 15, and 20 mg/kg) reduces stomach ulceration in a mouse model of indomethacin-induced gastric ulcer.⁵

References

- 1. Othman, M.A., Yuyama, K., Murai, Y., et al. Malabaricone C as natural sphingomyelin synthase inhibitor against diet-induced obesity and its lipid metabolism in mice. Med. Chem. Lett. 10(8), 1154-1158 (2019).
- 2. Orabi, K.Y., Mossa, J.S., and El-Feraly, F.S. Isolation and characterization of two antimicrobial agents from mace (Myristica fragrans). J. Nat. Prod. 54(3), 856-859 (1991).
- 3. Tyagi, M., Maity, B., Saha, B., et al. Spice-derived phenolic, malabaricone B induces mitochondrial damage in lung cancer cells via a p53-independent pathway. Food Funct. 9(11), 5715-5727 (2018).
- Patro, B.S., Bauri, A.K., Mishra, S., et al. Antioxidant activity of Myristica malabarica extracts and their 4 constituents. J. Agric. Food Chem. 53(17), 6912-6918 (2005).
- 5. Banerjee, D., Bauri, A.K., Guha, R.K., et al. Healing properties of malabaricone B and malabaricone C, against indomethacin-induced gastric uleration and mechanism of action. Eur. J. Pharm. 578(2-3), 300-312 (2008).

WARNING THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFFTY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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