PRODUCT INFORMATION



ADH-1

Item No. 29981

CAS Registry No.: 229971-81-7

Formal Name: N-acetyl-L-cysteinyl-L-histidyl-

L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-cysteinamide,

cyclic (1→5)-disulfide

Synonym: N-Ac-CHAVC-NH₂ MF: $C_{22}H_{34}N_8O_6S_2$

FW: 570.7 **Purity:** ≥98% Supplied as: A solid Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥4 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Laboratory Procedures

ADH-1 is supplied as a solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the ADH-1 in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. ADH-1 is soluble in organic solvents such as DMSO and dimethyl formamide. The solubility of ADH-1 in these solvents is approximately 30 and 15 mg/ml, respectively.

Further dilutions of the stock solution into aqueous buffers or isotonic saline should be made prior to performing biological experiments. Ensure that the residual amount of organic solvent is insignificant, since organic solvents may have physiological effects at low concentrations. Organic solvent-free aqueous solutions of ADH-1 can be prepared by directly dissolving the solid in aqueous buffers. The solubility of ADH-1 in PBS (pH 7.2) is approximately 5 mg/ml. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

ADH-1 is a cyclic peptide antagonist of N-cadherin.¹ It inhibits neurite outgrowth in cerebellar neurons cultured on N-cadherin-expressing 3T3 cell monolayers (IC₅₀ = 0.323 mM). ADH-1 (0.2 mg/ml) inhibits cell scattering and motility induced by collagen I in Capan-1 cells and wild-type and N-cadherin-overexpressing BxPC-3 cells.² It induces apoptosis in N-cadherin-overexpressing, but not knockdown, BxPC-3 cells when used at a concentration of 1 mg/ml. ADH-1 (50 mg/kg) reduces tumor growth in an N-cadherin-overexpressing BxPC-3 mouse xenograft model.

References

- 1. Williams, E., Williams, G., Gour, B.J., et al. A novel family of cyclic peptide antagonists suggests that N-cadherin specificity is determined by amino acids that flank the HAV motif. J. Biol. Chem. 275(6), 4007-4012 (2000).
- 2. Shintani, Y., Fukumoto, Y., Chaika, N., et al. ADH-1 suppresses N-cadherin-dependent pancreatic cancer progression. Int. J. Cancer 122(1), 71-77 (2008).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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