# PRODUCT INFORMATION



# MR1/β2-Microglobulin Complex (human, recombinant)

Item No. 30585

# **Overview and Properties**

Synonyms: MR1: Class I Histocompatibility Antigen-like Protein, Major Histocompatibility Complex

Class I-related Gene Protein, MHC Class I-related Gene Protein

**β2-Microprotein:** β2M

Source: Recombinant human MR1 and β2-microglobulin expressed in E. coli

22-292 (MR1), 21-119 (β2-microglobulin) **Amino Acids:** Q95460 (MR1), P61769 (β2-microglobulin) **Uniprot No.:** Molecular Weight: 32 (MR1) and 12 (β2-microglobulin) kDa

Storage: -80°C (as supplied)

Stability: ≥1 year

≥90% estimated by SDS-PAGE **Purity:** 

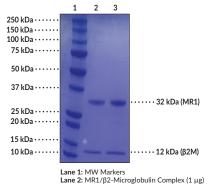
50 mM HEPES, pH 8.0, with 150 mM sodium chloride Supplied in:

**Protein** 

Concentration: batch specific mg/ml

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

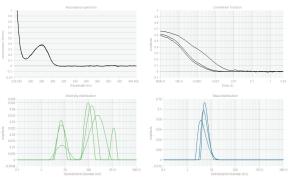
## **Images**



Lane 3: MR1/β2-Microglobulin Complex (2 μg)

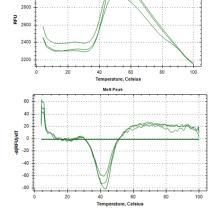
SDS-PAGE Analysis of MR1/β2-Microglobulin Complex

### MR1/B2M DLS Data



Dynamic light scattering (DLS) analysis showed that 99.8% of the protein by mass formed a complex with an average diameter of 27 nm. The PdI of this complex was





Thermal shift assay (TSA) shows that the MR1/ $\beta$ 2M is well folded with a  $T_{\scriptscriptstyle m}$  of 43°C. These are representative

WARNING THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFETY DATA
This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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# PRODUCT INFORMATION



# Description

MHC class I-related gene protein (MR1) is a non-polymorphic MHC class Ib antigen-presenting cell surface molecule that is required for T cell receptor-mediated activation of mucosal-associated invariant T (MAIT) cells.  $^{1,2}$  MR1 is composed of  $\alpha 1$  and  $\alpha 2$  domains, which form an antigen-binding pocket, and an  $\alpha 3$  domain that interacts with  $\beta 2$ -microglobulin, the light chain component of MHC class I molecules that facilitates complex transport to the cell surface and antigen presentation to cytotoxic T cells.  $^{2,3}$  Upon binding of a microbial antigen, MR1 undergoes a conformational change in the endoplasmic reticulum and translocates to the cell surface with  $\beta 2$ -microglobulin where it induces MAIT cell activation via an interaction with the MAIT cell T cell receptor and activates various immunomodulatory effects, including cytokine release, initiation of adaptive immune responses, and promotion of tissue repair.  $^{4,5}$  The antigen-binding domain of MR1 binds to vitamin B metabolites, including metabolites of vitamin  $B_2$ , also known as riboflavin, and vitamin  $B_9$  (folic acid; Item No. 20515).  $^6$  MHC class I-associated  $\beta 2$ -microglobulin exhibits equilibrium exchange with circulating soluble  $\beta 2$ -microglobulin and serum levels of  $\beta 2$ -microglobulin are increased in patients with cancer, renal failure, systemic amyloidosis, or various autoimmune diseases, including multiple sclerosis.  $^{3,7-9}$ 

## References

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