PRODUCT INFORMATION



Thonzonium (bromide)

Item No. 31253

CAS Registry No.: 553-08-2

Formal Name: N-[2-[[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-

pyrimidinylaminolethyll-N,N-dimethyl-

1-hexadecanaminium, monobromide

Synonym: NC 1264

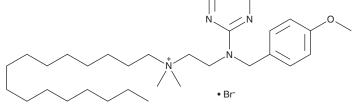
MF: $C_{32}H_{55}N_4O \bullet Br$

FW: 591.7 Purity: ≥98%

UV/Vis.: λ_{max} : 242 nm Supplied as: A crystalline solid

-20°C Storage: Stability: ≥4 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.



Laboratory Procedures

Thonzonium (bromide) is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the thonzonium (bromide) in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. Thonzonium (bromide) is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide. The solubility of thonzonium (bromide) in these solvents is approximately 30 mg/ml.

Description

Thonzonium is a quaternary ammonium-containing cationic surfactant with diverse biological activities.¹⁻⁴ It is an inhibitor of F. tularensis acid phosphatase B (AcpB; $K_i = 0.59 \mu M$) and the vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase) proton pump in C. albicans (EC $_{50}$ = 69 μM in purified vacuolar membrane vesicles). 1,2 Thonzonium (25-400 nM) inhibits osteoclastogenesis induced by RANKL in bone marrow-derived macrophages (BMDMs) and inhibits bone resorption by mature osteoclasts in a V-ATPase-independent manner when used at concentrations of 100 and 200 nM.³ It prevents bone loss induced by LPS in a calvarial osteolytic mouse model when administered at a dose of 5 mg/kg per day. Thonzonium induces mortality in the helminths C. oncophora, O. ostertagi, H. contortus, and T. circumcincta with EC₅₀ values of 4.5, 10.8, 5.1, and 6.7 µM, respectively, but is cytotoxic to HEK293 and RAW 264.7 cells with CC50 values of 9.2 and 5.7 μM, respectively.⁴ Formulations containing thonzonium as a surfactant have been used in the treatment of external auditory canal infections, as well as mastoidectomy and fenestration cavity infections.

References

- 1. McRae, S., Pagliai, F.A., Mohapatra, N.P., et al. Inhibition of AcpA phosphatase activity with ascorbate attenuates Francisella tularensis intramacrophage survival. J. Biol. Chem. 285(8), 5171-5177 (2010).
- Chan, C.-Y., Prudom, C., Raines, S.M., et al. Inhibitors of V-ATPase proton transport reveal uncoupling functions of tether linking cytosolic and membrane domains of V₀ subunit a (Vph1p). J. Biol. Chem. 287(13), 10236-10250 (2012).
- 3. Zhu, X., Gao, J.J., Landao-Bassonga, E., et al. Thonzonium bromide inhibits RANKL-induced osteoclast formation and bone resorption in vitro and prevents LPS-induced bone loss in vivo. Biochem. Pharmacol. **104**, 118-130 (2016).
- Liu, M., Landuyt, B., Klaassen, H., et al. Screening of a drug repurposing library with a nematode motility assay identifies promising anthelmintic hits against Cooperia oncophora and other ruminant parasites. Vet. Parasitol. 265, 15-18 (2019).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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