PRODUCT INFORMATION



Histone H3K79Ac Monoclonal Antibody (RM156)

Item No. 32136

Overview and Properties

Contents: Synonym: Immunogen:	This vial contains 100 µg of protein A-affinity purified monoclonal antibody. Acetylated Histone H3 Lysine 79 Peptide corresponding to H3K79Ac
Cross Reactivity:	(+) H3K79Ac; (-) Unmodified H3K79, H3K4Ac, H3K9Ac, H3K14Ac, H3K18Ac, H3K23Ac, H3K27Ac, H3K36Ac, H3K56Ac, H3K122Ac
Species Reactivity:	(+) Vertebrates
Form:	Liquid
Storage:	-20°C (as supplied)
Stability:	≥1 year
Storage Buffer:	PBS with 50% glycerol, 1% BSA, and 0.09% sodium azide
Concentration:	1 mg/ml
Clone:	RM156
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	lgG
Applications:	Chromatin IP (ChIP), ELISA , immunocytochemistry (ICC), multiplex-based assays, and Western blot (WB); the recommended starting concentration is 2-10 μ g/ml for ChIP, 0.2-1 μ g/ml for ELISA, 0.05-0.2 μ g/ml for multiplex-based assays, and 0.5-2 μ g/ml for WB and ICC. Other applications were not tested, therefore optimal working concentration/dilution should be determined empirically.

Images



Histone H3K79Ac Monoclonal Antibody (RM156) specifically reacts to Histone H3 acetylated at lysine 79 (H3K79Ac). No cross reactivity with H3K4Ac H3K9Ac, H3K14Ac, H3K18Ac, H3K23Ac, H3K27Ac, H3K36Ac, H3K56Ac, or H3K122Ac



Lane 1: HeLa cells (untreated) Lane 2: HeLa cells (treated)

WB of acid extracts from HeLa cells untreated or treated with sodium butyrate, using Histone H3K79Ac Monoclonal Antibody (RM156) at 1.0 µg/ml, showed a band of H3K79Ac in treated HeLa cells.



Immunocytochemistry of HeLa cells treated with sodium butyrate, using Histone H3K79Ac Monoclonal Antibody (RM156) (red). Actin filaments have been labeled with fluorescein phalloidin (green).

WARNING THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFETY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

Buyer agrees to purchase the material subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information can be found on our website.

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ChIP of Histone H3K79Ac Monoclonal Antibody (RM156). ChIP performed on HeLa cells with or without sodium butyrate (NaBu) treatment, using Histone H3K79Ac Monoclonal Antibody (RM156) at 5 µg, Real-time PCR was performed using primers specific to the gene indicated.



Detection of HeLa whole cell lysate (WCL), teated or untreated with sodium butyrate (NaBu). Sandwich ELISA using Histone H3K79Ac Monoclonal Antibody (RM156) as the capture antibody (5 μ g/ml) and Anti-Histone H3 pan Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody as the detection antibody (1 μ g/ml).

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Description

Histone H3 is a nuclear protein and a component of the nucleosome core, a basic unit of chromatin, that is essential for organizing genomic DNA in eukaryotic nuclei.¹ It is a globular protein that contains an unstructured N-terminal tail that extends outside of the nucleosome core and is subject to various post-translational modifications (PTMs), including methylation, phosphorylation, acetylation, and citrullination.^{1,2} Acetylation of histone H3 at lysine 79 (H3K79Ac) has been detected in humans and yeast and is associated with inactive chromatin.³⁻⁵ Cayman's Histone H3K79Ac Monoclonal Antibody (RM156) can be used for chromatin immunoprecipitation (ChIP), ELISA, immunocytochemistry (ICC), multiplex-based assay, and Western blot (WB) applications.

References

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- Sharda, A., Amnekar, R.V., Natu, A., et al. Histone posttranslational modifications: Potential role in diagnosis, prognosis, and therapeutics of cancer. Prognostic Epigenetics. Sharma, S., editor, Academic Press (2019).
- 3. Garcia, B.A., Hake, S.B., Diaz, R.L., et al. Organismal differences in post-translational modifications in histones H3 and H4. J. Biol. Chem. 282(10), 7641-7655 (2007).
- Bheda, P., Swatkoski, S., Fiedler, K.L., *et al.* Biotinylation of lysine method identifies acetylated histone H3 lysine 79 in Saccharomyces cerevisiae as a substrate for Sir2. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **109(16)**, E916-E925 (2012).
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