PRODUCT INFORMATION



IgD (human) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Biotinylated (Clone RM123)

Item No. 32371

Overview and Properties

Contents: This vial contains 50 µg of protein A-affinity purified monoclonal antibody.

Synonym: Immunoglobulin D

Immunogen: Human IgD

Cross Reactivity: (+) IgD; (-) Human IgG, IgM, IgE, IgA

Species Reactivity: (+) Human Form: Liquid

Storage: -20°C (as supplied)

Stability: ≥1 year

Storage Buffer: PBS with 50% glycerol, 1% BSA, and 0.09% sodium azide

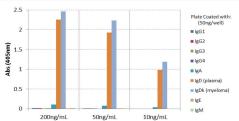
Clone: RM123 Rabbit Host: **IgG** Isotype:

Applications: ELISA; the recommended starting concentration is 25-200 ng/well for ELISA (capture)

and 0.01-0.1 µg/ml ELISA (detection). Other applications were not tested, therefore

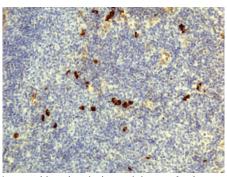
optimal working concentration/dilution should be determined empirically.

Images

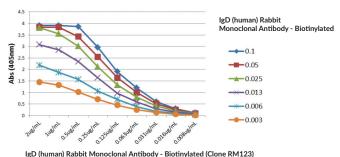


IgD (human) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Biotinylated -(Clone RM123) (Primary Antibody)

ELISA of human immunoglobulins (Igs). IgD (human) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Biotinylated (Clone RM123) reacts to IgD from human plasma and IgD from human myeloma. No cross reactivity with human IgG, IgM, IgA, or IgE. The plate was coated with 50 ng/well of different immunoglobulins. 200 ng/ml, 50 ng/ml, or 10 ng/ml of IgG Fc (mouse) Monoclonal Antibody Biotinylated was used as the primary antibody. An alkaline phosphatase-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG was used as the secondary antibody.



Immunohistochemical staining lymphoid tissue using IgD (human) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody Biotinylated RM123).



A titer ELISA using IgD (human) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Biotinylated (Clone RM123). The plate was coated with different amounts of human IgD (from plasma). A serial dilution of IgD (human) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Biotinylated (Clone RM123) was used as the primary antibody. An alkaline phosphatase-conjugated

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

anti-rabbit IgG was used as the secondary antibody.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

Buyer agrees to purchase the material subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information can be found on our website

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PRODUCT INFORMATION



Description

Immunoglobulin D (IgD) is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily of glycoproteins that functions as a B cell antigen receptor (BCR) and has roles in adaptive immunity. Human IgD is composed of two Ig δ heavy chains of approximately 50 kDa each and two Igk or Ig δ light chains of approximately 25 kDa each. It is expressed on the surface of antigen-naïve mature B cells, which are found in germinal centers and peripheral blood, as well as certain subsets of circulating memory B cells. IgD levels increase during B cell maturation and are regulated by alternative splicing of an mRNA transcript that is common to the μ and δ heavy chains of IgM and IgD, respectively. Upon antigen activation, IgD can undergo class switch recombination to the immunoglobulin isotypes IgA, IgE, or IgG, each of which has a distinct effector function. IgD can also be produced from IgM by class switch recombination, leading to the generation of IgD-secreting plasma cells that have roles in mucosal immunity. IgD binds to basophil and mast cell lines, as well as the respiratory pathogens *M. catarrhalis* and *H. influenzae*, in vitro. Serum IgD levels are increased in patients with a variety of conditions, including leprosy, tuberculosis, malaria, or Hodgkin's lymphoma and is a hallmark of hyperimmunoglobulinemia D syndrome (HIDS), an autoinflammatory condition characterized by febrile episodes. Cayman's IgD (human) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Biotinylated (Clone RM123) can be used for ELISA.

References

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