Kojic Acid
Item No. 22712

CAS Registry No.: 501-30-4
Formal Name: 5-hydroxy-2-(hydroxymethyl)-4H-pyran-4-one
Synonym: NSC 1942
MF: C6H6O4
FW: 142.1
Purity: ≥98%
UV/Vis.: λmax: 218, 272 nm
Supplied as: A crystalline solid
Storage: -20°C
Stability: ≥2 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Laboratory Procedures

Kojic acid is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the kojic acid in the solvent of choice. Kojic acid is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol and DMSO, which should be purged with an inert gas. The solubility of kojic acid in these solvents is approximately 5 and 16 mg/ml, respectively.

Further dilutions of the stock solution into aqueous buffers or isotonic saline should be made prior to performing biological experiments. Ensure that the residual amount of organic solvent is insignificant, since organic solvents may have physiological effects at low concentrations. Organic solvent-free aqueous solutions of kojic acid can be prepared by directly dissolving the crystalline solid in aqueous buffers. The solubility of kojic acid in PBS, pH 7.2, is approximately 5 mg/ml. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

Kojic acid is a fungal metabolite that inhibits tyrosinase, an enzyme involved in melanin synthesis, with an IC50 value of 30.6 µM for mushroom tyrosinase. It decreases growth of Leishmania parasites in vitro and in vivo, and it protects mice from damage induced by gamma irradiation. Kojic acid has been used as a food additive to prevent enzymatic browning. Formulations containing kojic acid are used in the treatment of hyperpigmentation disorders.

References